







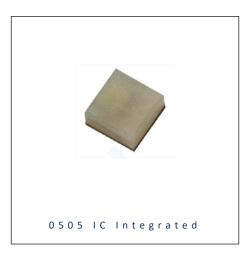




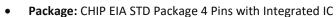
- ► CHIP SMD with IC
- ▶ 0505 (1212) IC 0.75t
- ► Red/Green/Blue

**N0M67S06IC** 





# FEATURES:



• Output Current: 5mA/Channel

• **LED Voltage:** 4.5~5.5V

• Luminous Intensity (typ.): 75/160/26mcd\*

• Colour: Red/Green/Blue

• Dominant Wavelength (typ.): 633/527/457nm

0505 IC-Integrated Compliant

Viewing Angle: 120°

Materials:

Resin: Epoxy (White Diffused)

• Operating Temperature: -40~+85°C

• Storage Temperature: -40~+105°C

• **IC Feature:** Serial data transmission signal by single wire. Internal clock frequency operates at 800kHz.

 Pixel: One pixel contains R, G, and B colour that each can achieve 256 level brightness grayscales, which forms 16,777,216 combination colours.

• Soldering methods: Reflow Soldering

MSL Level: acc. to JEDEC Level 3

• Packing: 8mm tape with max.4000pcs/reel, ø180mm (7")

\* in order of Red/Green/Blue

# **APPLICATIONS:**

- Telecommunication
- Status Indicator
- Home Appliance
- Decoration Lighting

Full Colour LED Strip

Gaming Device



#### **CHARACTERISTICS:**

### Absolute Maximum Characteristics (Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings	Unit
DC Forward Current	I <sub>F</sub>	5/Channel	mA
IC Power Supply Voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>	+4.5~+5.5	V
IC Input Voltage	Vı	-0.4~V <sub>DD</sub> +0.4	V
Operating Temperature	TOPR	-40~+85	°C
Storage Temperature	Тѕтс	-40~+105	°C
Electrostatic Discharge (HBM)	ESD	4000	V
Soldering Temperature	T <sub>SD</sub>	260 for 5s max.	°C

### Electrical & Optical Characteristics (T<sub>a</sub>=25°C, V<sub>DD</sub>=5V)

Parameter		Symbol	Symbol Values			Unit	Test
		Зуппоот	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	Condition
Forward Voltage		$V_{F}$		5.0		V	
	R			75			
Luminous Intensity	G	lv		160		mcd	I <sub>F</sub> =5mA
	В			26			
Mixed White	W	lv	160		320	mcd	I <sub>F</sub> =15mA
	R		615		625		
Dominant Wavelength	G	$\lambda_{\text{d}}$	520		525	nm	I <sub>F</sub> =5mA
	В		460		475		
Colour Coordinate	Х			0.2576			I <sub>F</sub> =15mA
Colour Coordinate	Υ			0.3003			II-T3IIIA
Viewing Angle		2θ <sub>1/2</sub>		120		deg	I <sub>F</sub> =15mA

<sup>1.</sup> The data in the above table is the data obtained under the condition of using the specific instruction W and R/G/B PWM value. Specific instruction W: [0x22 0x62 0xb2] \*N 0x37 0x60 +100us Low level, N is the number of LEDs. R/G/B PWM value = 0x7fff.

<sup>2.</sup> Please refer to "Data composition structure" for the sending method of the above instructions.

<sup>3.</sup> We will amend the bin code to maintain bin code centralize and we get the luminous intensity is 1.3 times per bin.



# Electrical Parameters (T<sub>a</sub>=25°C, V<sub>DD</sub>=5V)

Parameter	Symbol		Values	Unit	Test	
Parameter	Syllibol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	OIIIL	Condition
Static Current	I <sub>DD</sub>		0.3		mA	V <sub>DD</sub> =4.5V, Іоит="ОFF"
Input Voltage Level	V <sub>IH</sub>	0.7 V <sub>DD</sub>			V	D <sub>IN</sub> , SET
Input Voltage Level	VIL			0.3 V <sub>DD</sub>	V	D <sub>IN</sub> , SET

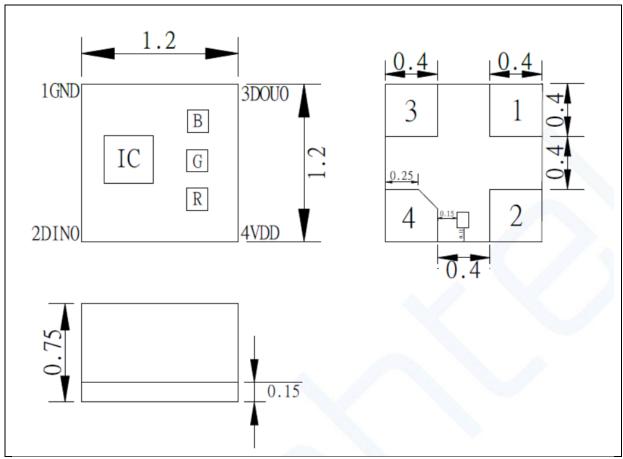
# Switching Characteristics (T<sub>a</sub>=25°C, V<sub>DD</sub>=5V)

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Test
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition
Rate of Data Signal	F <sub>DIN</sub>		0.8		MHz	
The Output Francisco	T <sub>PLH</sub>			80	ns	,
The Output Frequency	Трнь			80	ns	DIN -> DOUT
Transmission Dalou Time	Tr			50	ns	I <sub>оит</sub> R/G/B=5mA
Transmission Delay Time	Tf			100	ns	R <sub>L</sub> =400Ω CL=15pF



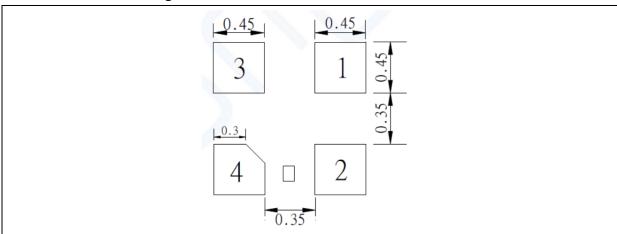
# **OUTLINE DIMENSION:**

### Package Dimension:



- 1. All dimensions are in millimetre (mm).
- 2. Tolerance ±0.1mm, unless otherwise noted.

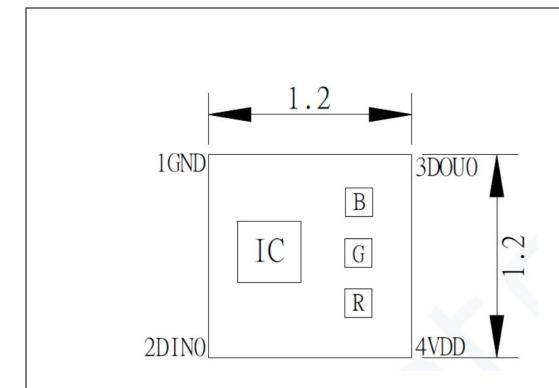
### **Recommended Soldering Pad Dimension:**



- 1. Dimensions are in millimetre (mm).
- 2. Tolerance ±0.1mm with angle tolerance ±0.5°.



# **PIN CONFIGURATION:**

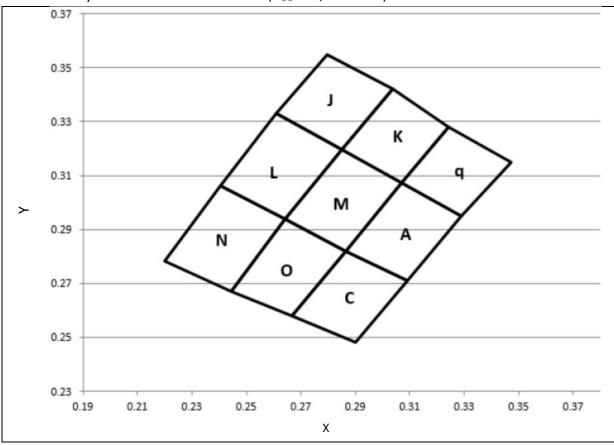


No.	Symbol	Function Description
1	GND	Ground
2	DIN0	Data Input
3	DOU0	Data Output
4	VDD	Supply Voltage



# **BINNING GROUPS:**

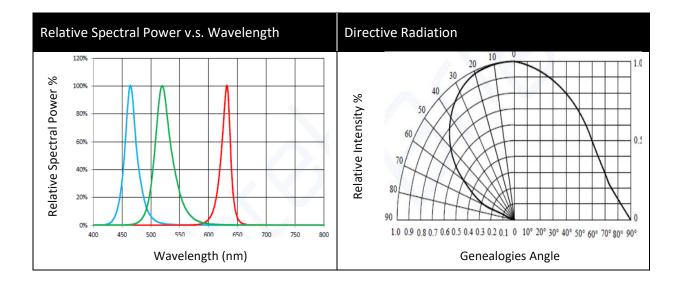
# Chromaticity Coordinate Classifications (V<sub>DD</sub>=5V, I<sub>F</sub>=20mA):



	1	1	2		3		4	
	Х	Υ	Х	Υ	Х	Υ	Х	Υ
L	0.2406	0.3064	0.2609	0.3332	0.2849	0.3196	0.2643	0.2940
М	0.2643	0.2940	0.2849	0.3196	0.3068	0.3072	0.2865	0.2819
Α	0.3070	0.3072	0.3287	0.2948	0.3091	0.2712	0.2865	0.2819
J	0.2609	0.3332	0.2797	0.3550	0.3036	0.3420	0.2849	0.3196
K	0.2851	0.3196	0.3036	0.3420	0.3243	0.3280	0.3068	0.3072
q	0.3068	0.3072	0.3243	0.3280	0.3472	0.3150	0.3287	0.2948
С	0.2865	0.2819	0.3091	0.2712	0.2899	0.2482	0.2667	0.2578
0	0.2444	0.2672	0.2643	0.2940	0.2865	0.2819	0.2667	0.2578
N	0.2200	0.2783	0.2406	0.3064	0.2743	0.2940	0.2444	0.2672



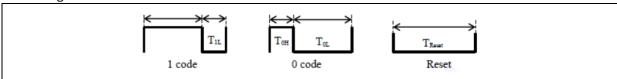
# **ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Full PWM):**





# DATA TRANSFER TIME (TH+TL=1.2µs±300ns):

#### 1. Timing Wave Form:



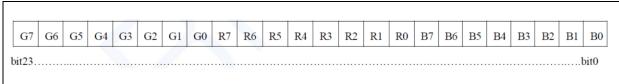
#### 2. High Speed Mode:

Item	Description	Typical	Allowance
Тон	0 code, high voltage time	300ns	±150ns
T <sub>OL</sub>	0 code, low voltage time	900ns	±150ns
Т1н	1 code, high voltage time	900ns	±150ns
T <sub>1L</sub>	1 code, low voltage time	300ns	±150ns
T <sub>Reset</sub>	Reset Time	>200µs	

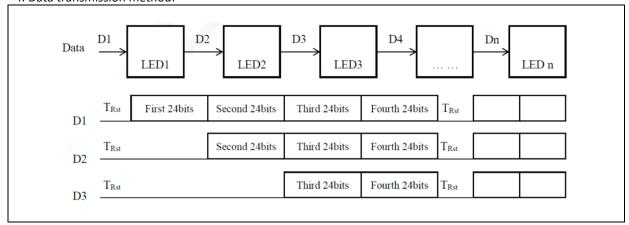
#### Notes:

- 1. The signal received by IC-LED is a return to zero code, which consists of "0" and "1" codes of high and low levels at different times.
- 2. The 24bit signal consists of different numbers of zeros and ones. The 24bit signal is the control signal of an LED.A "0" or "1" is 1bit.
- 3. The 1-code and 0-code defined in the table constitute a 24-bit signal. After input into IC, IC will be automatically converted into PWM signal to control RGB chip luminescence.
- 4. Controlling the LED at the limit of tolerance may occasionally cause instability. Please try to control with the specified typical values.

#### 3. Composition of 24bit data::



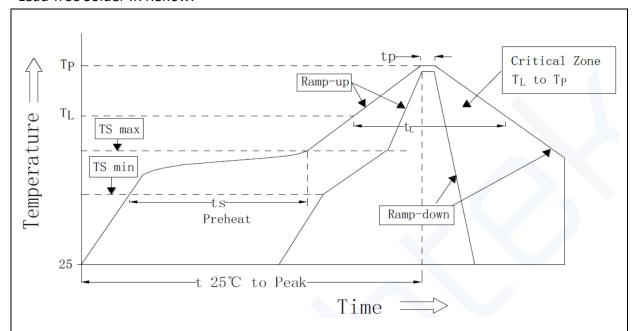
### 4. Data transmission method:





#### **ECOMMENDED SOLDERING PROFILE:**

#### Lead-free Solder IR Reflow:



D (1) T		Pb-	** 1		
Profile Feature	Symbol	Min.	Recommendation	Max.	Unit
Ramp-up rate to preheat (25°C to 150°C)	-	7.	2	3	K/s
Time ts (Ts min to Ts max)	ts	60	100	120	s
Ramp-up rate to peak (T <sub>S max</sub> to T <sub>P</sub> )	-	-	2	3	K/s
Liquidus temperature	TL	-	217	-	°C
Time above liquidus temperature	tL	-	80	100	S
Peak temperature	T <sub>P</sub>	-	245	260	°C
Time within 5 °C of the specified peak temperature T <sub>P</sub> - 5 K	tp	-	•	10	s
Ramp-down Rate (T <sub>P</sub> to 100 °C)	•	•	3	4	K/s
Time 25 °C to T <sub>P</sub>	-	-	-	480	s

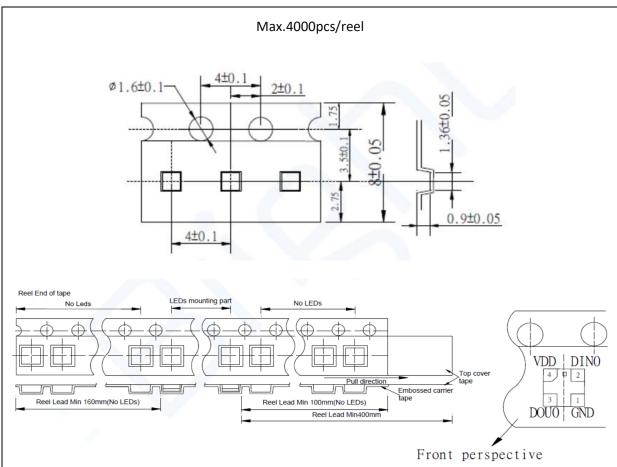
#### Note:

- 1. We recommend the reflow temperature 240°C (±5°C). The maximum soldering temperature should be limited to 260°C.
- 2. Maxima reflow soldering: 3 times.
- 3. Before, during, and after soldering, should not apply stress on the components and PCB board.



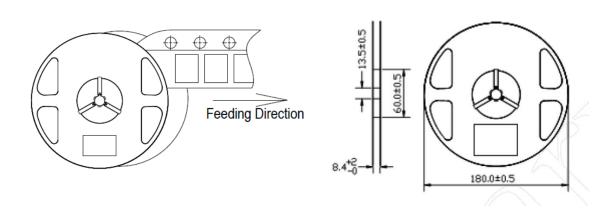
### **PACKING SPECIFICATION:**

#### Reel Dimension:



#### Notes:

- 1. Empty component pockets are sealed with top cover tape.
- 2. The max loss number of SMD is 2pcs.
- 3. The cathode is oriented towards the tape sprocket hole in accordance with ANSI/EIA RS-481 specifications.
- 4. The remainder packing in multiples of 500pcs.





#### **PRECAUTIONS OF USE:**

#### Storage:

It is recommended to store the products in the following conditions:

Humidity: 60% R.H. Max.

• Temperature: 5°C~30°C (41°F ~86°F).

Shelf life in sealed bag: 12 months at 5°C~30°C and <60% R.H.

Once the package is opened, the products should be used within 24 hours. Otherwise, they should be kept in a damp-proof box with descanting agent stored at R.H.<20% and apply baking before use.

#### Over-Current Proof:

Must apply resistors for protection otherwise slight voltage shift will cause big current change and burnout will happen.

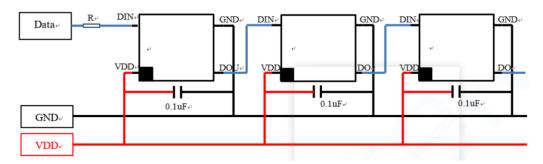
#### Baking:

It is recommended to bake the LED before soldering if the pack has been unsealed for longer than 24hrs. The suggested baking conditions are as followings:

• 60±3°C x 6hrs and <5%RH, taped / reel package.

It's normal to see slight color fading of carrier (light yellow) after baking in process.

#### **Testing Circuit:**



When the first LED is connected to the MCU, a resistance R is needed in series between its signal input line and the MCU. The size of R depends on the number of cascade beads. The more cascades, the smaller resistance R is used. It is generally recommended that the value be between 100-1K. Usually the recommended value is around 300 R. In order to make the LEDs work more stably, a parallel capacitor is needed between VDD and GND of each.

### Cleaning:

Use alcohol-based cleaning solvents such as isopropyl alcohol to clean the LED carrier / package. Avoid putting any stress force directly on to the LED lens.

#### ESD (Electrostatic Discharge):

Static Electricity or power surge will damage the LED. Use of a conductive wrist band or anti-electrosatic glove is recommended when handing the LED all time. All devices, equipment, machinery, work tables, and storage racks must be properly grounded.



# **REVISION RECORD:**

Version	Date	Summary of Revision
A1.0	06/09/2024	Datasheet set-up.